

Lesson 13: Volume of Prisms

Let's recall what volume means. [Use the simulator linked here and on my website.](#)

SETUP:

The dimensions of the prism are:

Width: 4, Depth: 5, Height: 3

Click on the orange, blue and red sections to partially close the rectangular prism.

Press "layer" to add a layer of cubes.

EXPLORE:

1) How many cubes are in the bottom layer? **20 cubes**

2) How could we have predicted the number of cubes in the bottom layer? **Multiply 4x5**

3) How many layers will it take to fill up the prism? **3**

4) How many cubes in all? **60**

$\left. \begin{matrix} w \times d \\ w \times l \end{matrix} \right\}$

EXPLORE 2:

Change to the next prism by pressing the arrow on the right side.



List the dimensions here:

Width: **9** Depth: **8** Height: **6** (Everyone may have different dimensions).

BEFORE clicking on the layer button, predict how many cubes will be on the bottom layer. Then, click "layer" and check your prediction. **72**

5) How many layers will it take to fill up this prism? **6**

6) How many cubes in all? (What's the volume?) **432**

$$\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 432 \end{array}$$

CONCLUSIONS:

7) If you were to write a formula for volume using the patterns you found, what would the formula be? (You can write it in words or with variables)

Volume = $V = wdh$ $V = Lwh$

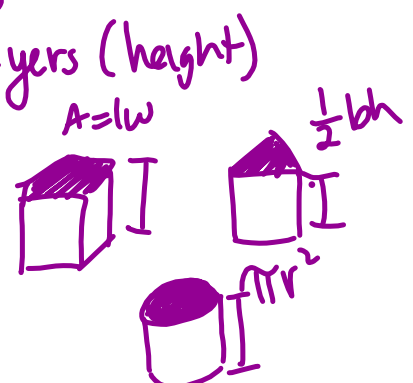
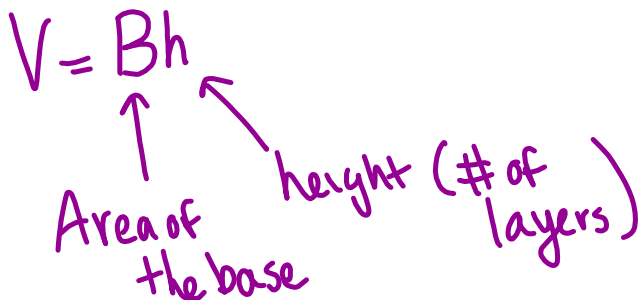
8) What would change if the shape of the base changed?

a) What would be different if the base was a triangle? **Lw won't make a Δ**

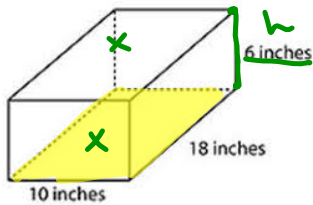
b) What about a square? **It can be the same**

c) What about a circle? **a circle can't do l.w**

9) What would be the same even if the base changes? **# of layers (height)**



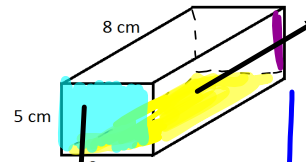
Examples:



Base: Rectangle
 $B = lw$
 $B = 10 \cdot 18$
 $B = 180 \text{ in}^2$

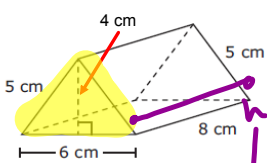
$V = Bh$
 $V = 180(6)$
 $V = 1,080 \text{ in}^3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 180 \\ \hline 1080 \end{array}$$



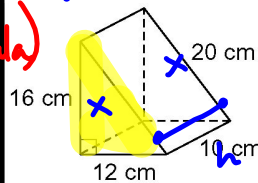
$B = lw$
 $B = 8 \cdot 2$
 $B = 16 \text{ cm}^2$
 $V = Bh$
 $V = 16 \cdot 5$
 $V = 80 \text{ cm}^3$

$B = lw$
 $B = 2 \cdot 8$
 $B = 16 \text{ cm}^2$
 $V = Bh$
 $V = 16 \cdot 5$
 $V = 80 \text{ cm}^3$



$B = \frac{1}{2}bh$ (Formula)
 $B = \frac{1}{2}(6)(4)$
 $B = 12 \text{ cm}^2$

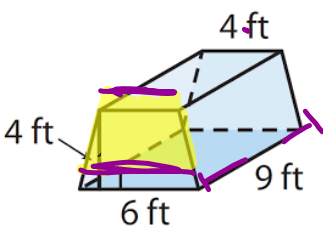
$V = Bh$
 $V = 12(8)$
 $V = 96 \text{ cm}^3$



$V = Bh$
 $V = 96(10)$
 $V = 960 \text{ cm}^3$

Triangular Prism

$B = \frac{1}{2}bh$
 $B = \frac{1}{2}(12)(16)$
 $B = 96 \text{ cm}^2$



$B = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$
 $B = \frac{1}{2}(4 + 9)(4)$
 $B = \frac{1}{2}(13)(4)$
 $B = 26 \text{ ft}^2$

$V = Bh$
 $V = 26 \cdot 9$
 $V = 234 \text{ ft}^3$